UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(MARK ONE)

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 30, 1996

0R

[_] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 1-7685

AVERY DENNISON CORPORATION (EXACT NAME OF REGISTRANT AS SPECIFIED IN ITS CHARTER)

DELAWARE (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 95-1492269

(I.R.S. employer identification no.)

150 NORTH ORANGE GROVE BOULEVARD, PASADENA, CALIFORNIA (ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICES)

91103 (ZIP CODE)

REGISTRANT'S TELEPHONE NUMBER, INCLUDING AREA CODE (818) 304-2000

Indicate by a check X whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days Yes X No

Number of shares of \$1 par value common stock outstanding as of April 26, 1996: 52,786,792

AVERY DENNISON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

INDEX TO FORM 10-Q

	Page No.
Part I. Financial Information (Unaudited):	
Financial Statements:	
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet March 30, 1996 and December 30, 1995	3
Consolidated Statement of Income Quarters Ended March 30, 1996 and April 1, 1995	4
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Quarters Ended March 30, 1996 and April 1, 1995	5
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	6
Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	8
Part II. Other Information:	
Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders, Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K	10
Signatures	11

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION AVERY DENNISON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Dollars in millions) (Unaudited)

	March 30, 1996	•
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5.3	\$ 27.0
Trade accounts receivable, net	460.0	444.1
Inventories, net	229.0	223.2
Prepaid expenses Other current assets	25.0 77.6	21.9 83.9
Other Current assets	77.0	63.9
Total current assets	796.9	800.1
Property, plant and equipment, at cost	1,665.0	1,652.1
Accumulated depreciation	(755.2)	
······		
	909.8	907.4
Intangibles resulting from business acquisitions, net	122.6	124.3
Other assets	133.9	131.8
	\$1,963.2 ======	\$1,963.6 ======
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	=======	=======
Current liabilities:		
Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt	\$ 124.2	\$ 115.4
Accounts payable	164.7	169.9
Accrued liabilities	334.9	387.2
Tabal 12-121242		
Total current liabilities	623.8	672.5
Long-term debt	374.9	334.0
Deferred taxes and other long-term liabilities	146.1	141.3
Shareholders' equity:		
Common stock - \$1 par value		
Authorized - 200,000,000 shares; Issued - 62,063,312		
shares at March 30, 1996 and December 30, 1995	62.1	62.1
Capital in excess of par value	190.7	191.6
Retained earnings	861.9	837.8
Cumulative foreign currency translation adjustment	34.9	33.8
Cost of unallocated ESOP shares	(27.0)	(27.0)
Minimum pension liability	(2.6)	(2.6)
Treasury stock at cost, 9,294,930 shares at March 30, 1996 and 9,003,763 shares at December 30, 1995	(301.6)	(279.9)
1990 and 9,003,703 shales at December 30, 1995	(301.0)	(279.9)
Total shareholders' equity	818.4	815.8
	\$1,963.2	\$1,963.6
	=======	=======

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

AVERY DENNISON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME (In millions, except per share amounts) (Unaudited)

	Quarter Ended		
	March 30, 1996	April 1, 1995	
Net sales	\$796.6	\$773.2	
Cost of products sold	549.9	528.4	
Gross profit	246.7	244.8	
Marketing, general and	.== 0		
administrative expense	175.3	180.0	
Interest expense	8.9	10.0	
Income before taxes	62.5	54.8	
Taxes on income	22.5	20.3	
Net income	\$ 40.0	\$ 34.5	
	=====	=====	
Notabted average number of common			
Weighted average number of common	50.0	FO 4	
shares outstanding	52.9	53.4	
	=====	=====	
PER COMMON SHARE AMOUNTS:			
Net income	\$.76	\$.65	
	======	======	
Dividends	\$.30	\$.27	
	=====	=====	

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

AVERY DENNISON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Dollars in millions) (Unaudited)

	Quarter Ended		
	March 30, 1996	April 1, 1995	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$ 40.0	\$ 34.5	
Depreciation Amortization Deferred taxes	24.9 2.6 6.4		
Net change in assets and liabilities net of the effect of foreign currency translation and business divestitures		(49.3)	
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(.7)		
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sale of assets and business divestitures Other	(38.3) 3.8 2.4	0.2 (6.5)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(32.1)	(43.0)	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Net increase in short-term debt Net increase in long-term debt Dividends paid Purchase of treasury stock Other	8.7 40.9 (15.9) (25.1) 2.5	47.3 (14.4) (14.5) 2.0	
Net cash provided by financing activities	11.1	=:::	
Effect of foreign currency translation on cash balances		0.2	
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(21.7)	0.3	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	27.0	3.1	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 5.3 =====	\$ 3.4 =====	

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

AVERY DENNISON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

1. GENERAL

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements include normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the Company's interim results. Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform with current year presentation. The condensed financial statements and notes in this Form 10-Q are presented as permitted by Regulation S-X, and as such, they do not contain certain information included in the Company's 1995 annual financial statements and notes.

The first quarters of 1996 and 1995 consisted of thirteen-week periods ending March 30, 1996 and April 1, 1995, respectively. The interim results of operations are not necessarily indicative of future financial results.

2. FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION

Transactions in foreign currencies and translation of financial statements of subsidiaries operating in hyperinflationary economies during the first quarters ended 1996 and 1995 resulted in losses of \$.6 million and \$.4 million, respectively.

3. INVENTORIES

Inventories consisted of (in millions):

	March 30, 1996	December 30, 1995
Raw materials	\$ 80.9	\$ 78.5
Work in progress	66.7	72.4
Finished goods	118.4	109.6
LIFO adjustment	(37.0)	(37.3)
	\$229.0	\$223.2
	=====	=====

4. INTANGIBLES RESULTING FROM BUSINESS ACQUISITIONS

Accumulated amortization of intangible assets at March 30, 1996 and December 30, 1995 was \$41.3 and \$40.3 million, respectively.

5. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

Research and development expense for the first quarters of 1996 and 1995 was $$13.3 \ \text{million}$ and $$12.3 \ \text{million}$, respectively.

6

AVERY DENNISON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

6. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

During the first quarter of 1996, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standard (SFAS) No. 121 on accounting for the impairment of long-lived assets and certain identifiable intangibles to be disposed of. SFAS No. 121 establishes guidance for recognizing and measuring impairment losses. If it is determined the carrying amount of an asset is not recoverable, the Company is required to recognize an impairment loss. The Company's implementation of the new standard had no effect on the first quarter 1996 financial statements.

In October 1995, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation". The standard encourages a fair value based method of accounting for an employee stock option or similar equity instrument, but allows continued use of the intrinsic value based method of accounting prescribed by Accounting Principles Board (APB) No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees". The Company will continue to follow the provisions set forth in APB No. 25 and will therefore make the proforma disclosures that will be required by SFAS No. 123 in its financial statements for the year ended December 28, 1996.

7

AVERY DENNISON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

- -----

Quarterly sales increased to \$796.6 million, a 3 percent increase over first quarter 1995 sales of \$773.2 million. Excluding the impact of sales from the divested label converting businesses and changes in foreign currency rates, sales increased 4.8 percent.

The gross profit margin for the quarter was 31 percent compared to 31.7 percent for the first quarter of 1995. The decrease was due to a shift in product mix and startup costs for new capacity and geographic expansion.

Marketing, general and administrative expense, as a percent of sales, was 22 percent as compared to 23.3 percent for the first quarter of 1995. The improvement was the result of cost reduction actions taken in previous years and increased sales.

During the first quarter of 1996, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standard (SFAS) No. 121 on accounting for the impairment of long-lived assets and certain identifiable intangibles to be disposed of. The Company's implementation of the new standard had no effect on the first quarter 1996 financial statements.

Income before taxes as a percent of sales increased to 7.8 percent for the quarter as compared to 7.1 percent for the first quarter of 1995 due to lower marketing, general and administrative and interest expenses as a percent of sales. Interest expense as a percent of sales was 1.1 percent for the first quarter of 1996 compared to 1.3 percent for the first quarter of 1995. The decrease in interest expense was due primarily to the expiration of interest rate swap agreements during the fourth quarter of 1995. Net income increased 16 percent to \$40 million compared to \$34.5 million in the first quarter of 1995. Earnings per share for the quarter were \$.76 compared to \$.65 in the same period last year, a 17 percent increase.

Results of Operations by Business Sector

The pressure-sensitive adhesives and materials sector reported increased sales for the first quarter of 1996 compared to the same period last year. Excluding the impact of significant geographic and capacity expansion, sector profitability was comparable to the prior year. The U.S. operations reported sales growth for the quarter while costs associated with capacity expansion impacted profitability. The international businesses reported increased sales. Profitability improved modestly in the international businesses due to increased sales volume and pricing actions, but were partially offset by continued costs related to geographic expansion.

The office products sector reported increased sales and profitability for the quarter. Increased sales in the U.S. operations were led by sales growth for Avery-brand labels and indexes. Profitability improved as a result of successful new products and the implementation of cost reduction programs, including the consolidations of distribution warehouses and sales forces in the United States. The European office products businesses reported higher sales due to growth at its label businesses; however, this increase in sales was partially offset by the Company's French operations. Profitability for these European businesses declined primarily due to its operations in France.

AVERY DENNISON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (Continued)

Excluding the impact of divested operations, the converted products sector reported increased sales and profitability. The U.S. operations reported increased sales due to the growth at its stamp and battery label businesses. Profitability also improved primarily due to increased sales volume and operating improvements at the Company's stamp operations. Successful new products resulted in improved sales for the international converting businesses while an improved product mix and lower operating expenses as a percent of sales resulted in increased profitability.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

During the first quarter of 1996, total debt increased \$49.7 million to \$499.1 million from year end 1995 as a result of increased working capital requirements needed to fund the Company's sales growth. Total debt to total capital was 37.9 percent as of the end of the first quarter of 1996 and 35.5 percent at year end 1995.

Average working capital, excluding short-term debt, as a percentage of sales, increased to 10 percent from 9.3 percent a year ago. The increase was primarily the result of an increase in accounts receivable and current deferred taxes which was partially offset by an increase in accrued liabilities and sales. Average inventory turns for the first quarter of 1996 was 9.6 turns compared to 9.0 turns for the first quarter of 1995; the average number of days sales outstanding in accounts receivable was 55 days compared to 54 days a year ago.

Shareholders' equity increased to \$818.4 million from \$815.8 million at year end 1995. During the first quarter of 1996, the Company purchased 474,000 shares of common stock at a cost of \$25.1 million. The cost of treasury stock held, net of shares reissued under the Company's stock and incentive plans, increased during the quarter by \$21.7 million to \$301.6 million from year end 1995.

Net cash flows used in operating activities totalled \$700,000 for the first quarter of 1996 compared to \$15.7 million in net cash flows provided by operating activities for the first quarter of 1995. The decrease in net cash flows provided by operating activities is primarily due to greater reductions in interest, tax and restructuring liabilities. In addition to cash flows from operations, the Company has more than adequate financing arrangements to conduct its operations.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION AVERY DENNISON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

The registrant held its annual stockholders' meeting on April 25, 1996. The

stockholders voted to re-elect three directors to the Board of Directors as follows:

Number of Shar	Number of Shares Voted/1/	
For	Withheld	
43,292,503	614,094	
43,223,225 43,369,117	683,372 537,480	
	For 43, 292, 503	

/1/There were no abstentions or shares otherwise not voted by brokers.

The result of the voting on the following additional item was as follows:

	For	Opposed	Abstained	Broker Non-Votes
Amendment to the 1990 Incentive and Stock Option Plan for Key Employees	30, 484, 264	12,919,528	502,805	

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

- a. Exhibits:
 3(ii) By-Laws of Avery Dennison Corporation Amended and Restated April 25, 1996
 11 Computation of Net Income Per Share Amounts
 - Financial Data Schedule 27
- b. Reports on Form 8-K: There were no reports on Form 8-K filed for the three months ended March 30, 1996.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

AVERY DENNISON CORPORATION

(Registrant)

/s/ Gregory Jenkins

R. Gregory Jenkins Senior Vice President, Finance and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

/s/ Thomas E. Miller

Thomas E. Miller Vice President and Controller (Chief Accounting Officer)

May 13, 1996

11

0F

AVERY DENNISON CORPORATION

ARTICLE I

OFFICES

Section 1. Registered Office. The registered office of Avery Dennison Corporation (hereinafter called the "corporation") in the State of Delaware shall be at 1013 Centre Road, City of Wilmington, County of New Castle, and the name of the registered agent at that address shall be United States Corporation Company.

Section 2. Principal Office. The principal executive office for the transaction of the business of the corporation is hereby fixed and located in Los Angeles County, California. The board of directors is hereby granted full power and authority to change said principal executive office from one location to another within or without the State of California.

Section 3. Other Offices. The corporation may also have offices at such other places within or without the State of Delaware as the board of directors may from time to time determine, or the business of the corporation may require.

ARTICLE II

STOCKHOLDERS

- Section 1. Place of Meetings. Meetings of stockholders shall be held at any place within or outside the State of Delaware designated by the board of directors. In the absence of any such designation, stockholders' meetings shall be held at the principal executive office of the corporation.
- Section 2. Annual Meetings of Stockholders. The annual meeting of stockholders shall be held on the last Thursday in April of each year at 1:30 p.m. of said day, or on such other day, which shall not be a legal holiday, as shall be determined by the board of directors. Any previously scheduled annual meeting of stockholders may be postponed by resolution of the board of directors upon public notice given prior to the date previously scheduled for such annual meeting of stockholders.
- Section 3. Special Meetings. A special meeting of the stockholders may be called at any time by the board of directors, or by a majority of the directors or by a committee authorized by the board to do so. Any previously scheduled special meeting of the stockholders may be postponed by resolution of the board of directors upon public notice given prior to the date previously scheduled for such special meeting of the stockholders.

Exhibit 3(ii) - Page 1 of 18

Section 4. Notice of Stockholders' Meetings. All notices of meetings of stockholders shall be sent or otherwise given in accordance with Section 5 of this Article II not less than ten (10) nor more than sixty (60) days before the date of the meeting being noticed. The notice shall specify the place, date and hour of the meeting and (i) in case of a special meeting, the general nature of the business to be transacted, or (ii) in the case of the annual meeting, those matters which the board of directors, at the time of giving the notice, intends to present for action by the stockholders. The notice of any meeting at which directors are to be elected shall include the name of any nominee or nominees who, at the time of the notice, management intends to present for election.

Section 5. Manner of Giving Notice; Affidavit of Notice. Notice of any meeting of stockholders shall be given either personally or by first-class mail or telegraphic or other written communication, charges prepaid, addressed to the stockholder at the address of such stockholder appearing on the books of the corporation or given by the stockholder to the corporation for the purpose of notice. If no such address appears on the corporation's books or has been so given, notice shall be deemed to have been given if sent by first-class mail or telegraphic or other written communication to the corporation's principal executive office, or if published at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the county where such office is located. Notice shall be deemed to have been given at the time when delivered personally or deposited in the mail or sent by telegram or other means of written communication.

An affidavit of the mailing or other means of giving any notice of any stockholders' meeting shall be executed by the secretary, assistant secretary or any transfer agent of the corporation giving such notice, and shall be filed and maintained in the minute book of the corporation.

Section 6. Quorum. The presence in person or by proxy of the holders of a majority of the shares entitled to vote at any meeting of stockholders shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. The stockholders present at a duly called or held meeting at which a quorum is present may continue to do business until adjournment, notwithstanding the withdrawal of enough stockholders to leave less than a quorum, if any action taken (other than adjournment) is approved by at least a majority of the shares required to constitute a quorum.

Section 7. Adjourned Meeting and Notice Thereof. Any stockholders' meeting, annual or special, whether or not a quorum is present, may be adjourned from time to time by the Chairman of the meeting, but in the absence of a quorum, no other business may be transacted at such meeting, except as provided in Section 6 of this Article II.

When any meeting of stockholders, either annual or special, is adjourned to another time or place, notice need not be given of the adjourned meeting if the time and place thereof are announced at a meeting at which the adjournment is taken, unless a new record date for the adjourned meeting is fixed, or unless the adjournment is for more than thirty (30) days from the date set for the original meeting. Notice of any such adjourned meeting, if required, shall be given to each stockholder of record entitled to vote at the adjourned meeting in accordance with the provisions of Sections 4 and 5 of this Article II. At any adjourned meeting the corporation may transact any business which might have been transacted at the original meeting.

Exhibit 3(ii) - Page 2 of 18

determined in accordance with the provisions of Section 11 of this Article II. Such vote may be by voice vote or by ballot, at the discretion of the Chairman of the meeting. Any stockholder entitled to vote on any matter (other than the election of directors) may vote part of the shares in favor of the proposal and refrain from voting the remaining shares or vote them against the proposal; but, if the stockholder fails to specify the number of shares such stockholder is voting affirmatively, it will be conclusively presumed that the stockholder's approving vote is with respect to all shares such stockholder is entitled to vote. If a quorum is present, the affirmative vote of the majority of the shares represented at the meeting and entitled to vote on any matter shall be the act of the stockholders, unless the vote of a greater number or voting by classes is required by the Delaware General Corporation Law or the certificate of incorporation or the certificate of determination of preferences as to any preferred stock.

At a stockholders' meeting involving the election of directors, no stockholder shall be entitled to cumulate (i.e., cast for any one or more candidates a number of votes greater than the number of the stockholder's shares). The candidates receiving the highest number of votes, up to the number of directors to be elected, shall be elected.

Section 9. Waiver of Notice or Consent by Absent Stockholders. The transactions of any meeting of stockholders, either annual or special, however called and noticed, and wherever held, shall be as valid as though had at a meeting duly held after regular call and notice, if a quorum be present either in person or by proxy, and if, either before or after the meeting, each person entitled to vote, not present in person or by proxy, signs a written waiver of notice or a consent to the holding of the meeting, or an approval of the minutes thereof. The waiver of notice or consent need not specify either the business to be transacted or the purpose of any annual or special meeting of stockholders. All such waivers, consents or approvals shall be filed with the corporate records or made part of the minutes of the meeting.

Attendance of a person at a meeting shall also constitute a waiver of notice of such meeting, except when the person objects, at the beginning of the meeting, to the transaction of any business because the meeting is not lawfully called or convened, and except that attendance at a meeting is not a waiver of any right to object to the consideration of matters not included in the notice of the meeting if such objection is expressly made at the meeting.

Section 10. No Stockholder Action by Written Consent Without a Meeting. Stockholders may take action only at a regular or special meeting of stockholders.

Section 11. Record Date for Stockholder Notice and Voting. For purposes of determining the holders entitled to notice of any meeting or to vote, the board of directors may fix, in advance, a record date, which shall not be more than sixty (60) days nor less than ten (10) days prior to the date of any such meeting, and in such case only stockholders of record on the date so fixed are entitled to notice and to vote, notwithstanding any transfer of any shares on the books of the corporation after the record date fixed as aforesaid, except as otherwise provided in the Delaware General Corporation Law.

Exhibit 3(ii) - Page 3 of 18

If the board of directors does not so fix a record date, the record date for determining stockholders entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of stockholders shall be at the close of business on the business day next preceding the day on which notice is given or, if notice is waived, at the close of business on the business day next preceding the day on which the meeting is held.

Section 12. Proxies. Every person entitled to vote for directors or on any other matter shall have the right to do so either in person or by one or more agents authorized by a written proxy signed by the person and filed with the secretary of the corporation. A proxy shall be deemed signed if the stockholder's name is placed on the proxy (whether by manual signature, typewriting, telegraphic transmission or otherwise) by the stockholder or the stockholder's attorney in fact. A validly executed proxy which does not state that it is irrevocable shall continue in full force and effect unless (i) revoked by the person executing it, prior to the vote pursuant thereto, by a writing delivered to the corporation stating that the proxy is revoked or by a subsequent proxy executed by, or attendance at the meeting and voting in person by, the person executing the proxy, or (ii) written notice of the death or incapacity of the maker of such proxy is received by the corporation before the vote pursuant thereto is counted; provided, however, that no such proxy shall be valid after the expiration of eleven (11) months from the date of such proxy, unless otherwise provided in the proxy.

Section 13. Inspectors of Election; Opening and Closing the Polls. The board of directors by resolution shall appoint one or more inspectors, which inspector or inspectors may include individuals who serve the corporation in other capacities, including, without limitation, as officers, employees, agents or representatives, to act at the meetings of stockholders and make a written report thereof. One or more persons may be designated as alternate inspectors to replace any inspector who fails to act. If no inspector or alternate has been appointed to act or is able to act at a meeting of stockholders, the chairman of the meeting shall appoint one or more inspectors to act at the meeting. Each inspector, before discharging his or her duties, shall take and sign an oath faithfully to execute the duties of inspector with strict impartiality and according to the best of his or her ability. The inspectors shall have the duties prescribed by law.

The chairman of the meeting shall fix and announce at the meeting the date and time of the opening and the closing of the polls for each matter upon which the stockholders will vote at a meeting.

Section 14. Nomination and Stockholder Business Bylaw.

- (A) Annual Meetings of Stockholders.
- (1) Nominations of persons for election to the board of directors of the corporation and the proposal of business to be considered by the stockholders may be made at an annual meeting of stockholders (a) pursuant to the corporation's notice of meeting, (b) by or at the direction of the board of directors or (c) by any stockholder of the corporation who was a stockholder of record at the time of giving of notice provided for in this Bylaw, who is entitled to vote at the meeting and who complies with the notice procedures set forth in this Bylaw.

Exhibit 3(ii) - Page 4 of 18

- (2) For nominations or other business to be properly brought before an annual meeting by a stockholder pursuant to clause (c) of paragraph (A) (1) of this Bylaw, the stockholder must have given timely notice thereof in writing to the secretary of the corporation and such other business must otherwise be a proper matter for stockholder action. To be timely, a stockholder's notice shall be delivered to the secretary at the principal executive offices of the corporation not later than the close of business on the 60th day nor earlier than the close of business on the 90th day prior to the first anniversary of the preceding year's annual meeting; provided, however, that in the event that the date of the annual meeting is more than 30 days before or more than 60 days after such anniversary date, notice by the stockholder to be timely must be so delivered not earlier than the close of business on the 90th day prior to such annual meeting and not later than the close of business on the later of the 60th day prior to such annual meeting or the 10th day following the day on which public announcement of the date of such meeting is first made by the . corporation. In no event shall the public announcement of an adjournment of an annual meeting commence a new time period for the giving of a stockholder's notice as described above. Such stockholder's notice shall set forth (a) as to each person whom the stockholder proposes to nominate for election or reelection as a director all information relating to such person that is required to be disclosed in solicitations of proxies for election of directors in an election contest, or is otherwise required, in each case pursuant to Regulation 14A under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") and Rule 14a-11 thereunder (including such person's written consent to being named in the proxy statement as a nominee and to serving as a director if elected); (b) as to any other business that the stockholder proposes to bring before the meeting, a brief description of the business desired to be brought before the meeting, the reasons for conducting such business at the meeting and any material interest in such business of such stockholder and the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the proposal is made; and (c) as to the stockholder giving the notice and the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the nomination or proposal is made (i) the name and address of such stockholder, as they appear on the corporation's books, and of such beneficial owner and (ii) the class and number of shares of the corporation which are owned beneficially and of record by such stockholder and such beneficial owner.
- (3) Notwithstanding anything in the second sentence of paragraph (A)(2) of this Bylaw to the contrary, in the event that the number of directors to be elected to the board of directors of the corporation is increased and there is no public announcement by the corporation naming all of the nominees for director or specifying the size of the increased board of directors at least 70 days prior to the first anniversary of the preceding year's annual meeting, a stockholder's notice required by this Bylaw shall also be considered timely, but only with respect to nominees for any new positions created by such increase, if it shall be delivered to the secretary at the principal executive offices of the corporation not later than the close of business on the 10th day following the day on which such public announcement is first made by the corporation.

Exhibit 3(ii) - Page 5 of 18

(B) Special Meetings of Stockholders. Only such business shall be conducted at a special meeting of stockholders as shall have been brought before the meeting pursuant to the corporation's notice of meeting. Nominations of persons for election to the board of directors may be made at a special meeting of stockholders at which directors are to be elected pursuant to the corporation's notice of meeting (a) by or at the direction of the board of directors or (b) provided that the board of directors has determined that directors shall be elected at such meeting, by any stockholder of the corporation who is a stockholder of record at the time of giving of notice provided for in this Bylaw, who shall be entitled to vote at the meeting and who complies with the notice procedures set forth in this Bylaw. In the event the corporation calls a special meeting of stockholders for the purpose of electing one or more directors to the board of directors, any such stockholder may nominate a person or persons (as the case may be), for election to such position(s) as specified in the corporation's notice of meeting, if the stockholder's notice required by paragraph (A) (2) of this Bylaw shall be delivered to the secretary at the principal executive offices of the corporation not earlier than the close of business on the 90th day prior to such special meeting and not later than the close of business on t he later of the 60th day prior to such special meeting or the 10th day following the day on which public announcement is first made of the date of the special meeting and of the nominees proposed by the board of directors to be elected at such meeting. In no event shall the public announcement of an adjournment of a special meeting commence a new time period for the giving of a stockholder's notice as described above.

(C) General.

- (1) Only such persons who are nominated in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Bylaw shall be eligible to serve as directors and only such business shall be conducted at a meeting of stockholders as shall have been brought before the meeting in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Bylaw. Except as otherwise provided by law, the Certificate of Incorporation or these Bylaws, the chairman of the meeting shall have the power and duty to determine whether a nomination or any business proposed to be brought before the meeting was made or proposed, as the case may be, in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Bylaw and, if any proposed nomination or business is not in compliance with this Bylaw, to declare that such defective proposal or nomination shall be disregarded.
- (2) For purposes of this Bylaw, "public announcement" shall mean disclosure in a press release reported by the Dow Jones News Service, Associated Press or comparable national news service or in a document publicly filed by the corporation with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Section 13, 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act.
- (3) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Bylaw, a stockholder shall also comply with all applicable requirements of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations thereunder with respect to the matters set forth in this Bylaw. Nothing in this Bylaw shall be deemed to affect any rights (i) of stockholders to request inclusion of proposals in the corporation's proxy statement pursuant to Rule 14a-8 under the Exchange Act or (ii) of the holders of any series of Preferred Stock, if any, to elect directors under certain circumstances.

Exhibit 3(ii) - Page 6 of 18

ARTICLE III

DIRECTORS

Section 1. Powers. Subject to the provisions of the Delaware General Corporation Law and any limitations in the certificate of incorporation and these bylaws relating to action required to be approved by the stockholders or by the outstanding shares, the business and affairs of the corporation shall be managed and all corporate powers shall be exercised by or under the direction of the board of directors.

Without prejudice to such general powers, but subject to the same limitations, it is hereby expressly declared that the directors shall have the power and authority to:

- (a) Select and remove all officers, agents and employees of the corporation, prescribe such powers and duties for them as may not be inconsistent with law, the certificate of incorporation or these bylaws, fix their compensation, and require from them security for faithful service.
- (b) Change the principal executive office or the principal business office in the State of California from one location to another; cause the corporation to be qualified to do business in any other state, territory, dependency, or foreign country and conduct business within or outside the State of California; designate any place within or without the State of California for the holding of any stockholders' meeting or meetings, including annual meetings; adopt, make and use a corporate seal, and prescribe the forms of certificates of stock, and alter the form of such seal and of such certificates from time to time as in their judgment they may deem best, provided that such forms shall at all times comply with the provisions of law.
- (c) Authorize the issuance of shares of stock of the corporation from time to time, upon such terms as may be lawful, in consideration of money paid, labor done or services actually rendered, debts or securities canceled or tangible or intangible property actually received.
- (d) Borrow money and incur indebtedness for the purpose of the corporation, and cause to be executed and delivered therefor, in the corporate name, promissory notes, bonds, debentures, deeds of trust, mortgages, pledges, hypothecations, or other evidences of debt and securities therefor.
- Section 2. Number and Qualification of Directors. The number of directors of the corporation shall be ten (10) until changed by a bylaw amending this Section 2, duly adopted by the board of directors or by the stockholders.

Exhibit 3(ii) - Page 7 of 18

Section 3. Election and Term of Office of Directors. Subject to Section 15 below, one class of the directors shall be elected at each annual meeting of the stockholders, but if any such annual meeting is not held or the directors are not elected thereat, the directors may be elected at any special meeting of stockholders held for that purpose. All directors shall hold office until their respective successors are elected. Irrespective of the provisions of Section 15 of this Article III and of the preceding sentence, a director shall automatically be retired on the date of the expiration of the first annual meeting following his 72nd birthday.

Section 4. Vacancies. Vacancies in the board of directors may be filled by a majority of the remaining directors, though less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining director. Each director elected to fill a vacancy shall hold office for the remainder of the term of the person whom he succeeds, and until a successor has been elected and qualified.

A vacancy or vacancies in the board of directors shall be deemed to exist in the case of the death, retirement, resignation or removal of any director, or if the board of directors by resolution declares vacant the office of a director who has been declared of unsound mind by an order of court or convicted of a felony, or if the authorized number of directors be increased, or if the stockholders fail at any meeting of stockholders at which any director or directors are elected, to elect the full authorized number of directors to be voted for at that meeting.

Any director may resign or voluntarily retire upon giving written notice to the chairman of the board, the president, the secretary or the board of directors. Such retirement or resignation shall be effective upon the giving of the notice, unless the notice specifies a later time for its effectiveness. If such retirement or resignation is effective at a future time, the board of directors may elect a successor to take office when the retirement or resignation becomes effective.

No reduction of the authorized number of directors shall have the effect of removing any director prior to the expiration of his term of office. No director may be removed during his term except for cause.

Section 5. Place of Meetings and Telephonic Meetings. Regular meetings of the board of directors may be held at any place within or without the State of Delaware that has been designated from time to time by resolution of the board. In the absence of such designation, regular meetings shall be held at the principal executive office of the corporation. Special meetings of the board shall be held at any place within or without the State of Delaware that has been designated in the notice of the meeting or, if not stated in the notice or there is no notice, at the principal executive office of the corporation. Any meeting, regular or special, may be held by conference telephone or similar communication equipment, so long as all directors participating in such meeting can hear one another, and all such directors shall be deemed to be present in person at such meeting.

Section 6. Annual Meetings. Immediately following each annual meeting of stockholders, the board of directors shall hold a regular meeting for the purpose of organization, any desired election of officers and transaction of other business. Notice of this meeting shall not be required.

Section 7. Other Regular Meetings. Other regular meetings of the board of directors shall be held

Exhibit 3(ii) - Page 8 of 18

at such time as shall from time to time be determined by the board of directors. Such regular meetings may be held without notice provided that notice of any change in the determination of time of such meeting shall be sent to all of the directors. Notice of a change in the determination of the time shall be given to each director in the same manner as for special meetings of the board of directors.

Section 8. Special Meetings. Special meetings of the board of directors for any purpose or purposes may be called at any time by the chairman of the board or the president or any vice president or the secretary or any two directors.

Notice of the time and place of special meetings shall be delivered personally or by telephone to each director or sent by first-class mail or telegram, charges prepaid, addressed to each director at his or her address as it is shown upon the records of the corporation. In case such notice is mailed, it shall be deposited in the United States mail at least four (4) days prior to the time of the holding of the meeting. In case such notice is delivered personally, or by telephone or telegram, it shall be delivered personally, or by telephone or to the telegraph company at least forty-eight (48) hours prior to the time of the holding of the meeting. Any oral notice given personally or by telephone may be communicated to either the director or to a person at the office of the director who the person giving the notice has reason to believe will promptly communicate it to the director. The notice need not specify the purpose of the meeting nor the place if the meeting is to be held at the principal executive office of the corporation.

Section 9. Quorum. A majority of the authorized number of directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, except to adjourn as hereinafter provided. Every act or decision done or made by a majority of the directors present at a meeting duly held at which a quorum is present shall be regarded as the act of the board of directors. A meeting at which a quorum is initially present may continue to transact business notwithstanding the withdrawal of directors, if any action taken is approved by at least a majority of the required quorum for such meeting.

Section 10. Waiver of Notice. The transactions of any meeting of the board of directors, however called and noticed or wherever held, shall be as valid as though had at a meeting duly held after regular call and notice if a quorum be present and if, either before or after the meeting, each of the directors not present signs a written waiver of notice, a consent to holding the meeting or an approval of the minutes thereof. The waiver of notice or consent need not specify the purpose of the meeting. All such waivers, consents and approvals shall be filed with the corporate records or made a part of the minutes of the meeting. Notice of a meeting shall also be deemed given to any director who attends the meeting without protesting, prior thereto or at its commencement, the lack of notice to such director.

Section 11. Adjournment. A majority of the directors present, whether or not constituting a quorum, may adjourn any meeting to another time and place.

Exhibit 3(ii) - Page 9 of 18

- Section 12. Notice of Adjournment. Notice of the time and place of an adjourned meeting need not be given, unless the meeting is adjourned for more than twenty-four (24) hours, in which case notice of such time and place shall be given prior to the time of the adjourned meeting, in the manner specified in Section 8 of this Article III, to the directors who were not present at the time of the adjournment.
- Section 13. Action Without Meeting. Any action required or permitted to be taken by the board of directors may be taken without a meeting, if all members of the board shall individually or collectively consent in writing to such action. Such action by written consent shall have the same force and effect as a unanimous vote of the board of directors. Such written consent or consents shall be filed with the minutes of the proceedings of the board.
- Section 14. Fees and Compensation of Directors. Directors and members of committees may receive such compensation, if any, for their services and such reimbursement of expenses, as may be fixed or determined by resolution of the board of directors. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to preclude any director from serving the corporation in any other capacity as an officer, agent, employee, or otherwise, and receiving compensation for such services.
- Section 15. Classification of Directors. The board of directors shall be and is divided into three classes, Class I, Class II and Class III. The number of directors in each class shall be the whole number contained in the quotient arrived at by dividing the authorized number of directors by three, and if a fraction is also contained in such quotient then if such fraction is one-third (1/3) the extra director shall be a member of Class III and if the fraction is two-thirds (2/3) one of the extra directors shall be a member of Class III and the other shall be a member of Class III. Each director shall serve for a term ending on the date of the third annual meeting following the annual meeting at which such director was elected.

In the event of any increase or decrease in the authorized number of directors, (a) each director then serving as such shall nevertheless continue as a director of the class of which he is a member until the expiration of his current term, or his prior death, resignation or removal, and (b) the newly created or eliminated directorships resulting from such increase or decrease shall be apportioned by the board of directors to such class or classes as shall, so far as possible, bring the number of directors in the respective classes into conformity with the formula in this Section 15, as applied to the new authorized number of directors.

Exhibit 3(ii) - Page 10 of 18

ARTICLE IV

COMMITTEES

- Section 1. Committees of Directors. The board of directors may, by resolution adopted by a majority of the authorized number of directors, designate one or more committees, including an executive committee, each consisting of two or more directors, to serve at the pleasure of the board. The board may designate one or more directors as alternate members of any committee, who may replace any absent member at any meeting of the committee. Any such committee, to the extent provided in the resolution of the board, shall have all the authority of the board, except with respect to:
- (a) the approval of any action which, under the General Corporation Law of Delaware, also requires stockholders' approval or approval of the outstanding shares;
- (b) the filling of vacancies on the board of directors or in any committee;
- (c) the fixing of compensation of the directors for serving on the board or on any committee; $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left$
 - (d) the amendment or repeal of bylaws or the adoption of new bylaws;
- (e) the amendment or repeal of any resolution of the board of directors which by its express terms is not so amendable or repealable;
- (f) a distribution to the stockholders of the corporation, except at a rate or in a periodic amount or within a price range determined by the board of directors; or
- $\ensuremath{(g)}$ the appointment of any other committees of the board of directors or the members thereof.
- Section 2. Meetings and Action of Committees. Meetings and action of committees shall be governed by, and held and taken in accordance with, the provisions of Article III of these bylaws, Sections 5 (place of meetings), 7 (regular meetings), 8 (special meetings and notice), 9 (quorum), 10 (waiver of notice), 11 (adjournment), 12 (notice of adjournment) and 13 (action without meetings), with such changes in the context of those bylaws as are necessary to substitute the committee and its members for the board of directors and its members, except that the time of regular meetings of committees may be determined by resolution of the board of directors as well as the committee, special meetings of committees may also be called by resolution of the board of directors, and notice of special meetings of committees shall also be given to all alternate members, who shall have the right to attend all meetings of the committee. The board of directors may adopt rules for the government of any committee not inconsistent with the provisions of these bylaws.

Exhibit 3(ii) - Page 11 of 18

OFFICERS

- Section 1. Officers. The officers of the corporation shall be the chairman of the board, the president, a vice president, a secretary and a treasurer. The corporation may also have, at the discretion of the board of directors, one or more additional vice presidents, one or more assistant secretaries, one or more assistant treasurers, and such other officers as may be appointed in accordance with the provisions of Section 3 of this Article V. Any number of offices may be held by the same person.
- Section 2. Election of Officers. The officers of the corporation, except such officers as may be appointed in accordance with the provisions of Section 3 or Section 5 of this Article V, shall be chosen annually by the board of directors, and each shall hold his office until he shall resign or be removed or otherwise disqualified to serve or his successor shall be elected and qualified.
- Section 3. Subordinate Officers, etc. The board of directors may appoint, and may empower the chairman of the board to appoint, such other officers as the business of the corporation may require, each of whom shall hold office for such period, have such authority and perform such duties as are provided in the bylaws or as the board of directors may from time to time determine.
- Section 4. Removal and Resignation of Officers. Any officer may be removed, either with or without cause, by the board of directors, at any regular or special meeting thereof, or, except in case of an officer chosen by the board of directors, by any officer upon whom such power of removal may be conferred by the board of directors.
- Any officer may resign at any time by giving written notice to the corporation. Any such resignation shall take effect at the date of the receipt of such notice or at any later time specified therein; and, unless otherwise specified therein, the acceptance of such resignation shall not be necessary to make it effective.
- Section 5. Vacancies in Office. A vacancy in any office because of death, resignation, removal, disqualification, or any other cause shall be filled in the manner prescribed in these bylaws for regular appointments to such office.
- Section 6. Chairman of the Board. The chairman of the board shall be the chief executive officer of the corporation and shall, subject to the control of the board of directors, have general supervision, direction and control of the business and affairs of the corporation.
- Section 7. President. The president shall be the chief operating officer of the corporation and shall exercise and perform such powers and duties with respect to the administration of the business and affairs of the corporation as may from time to time be assigned to him by the chairman of the board or by the board of directors, or as may be prescribed by the bylaws.
- Section 8. Vice Presidents. In the absence or disability of the president, a vice president designated ${\sf Section}$

Exhibit 3(ii) - Page 12 of 18

by the board of directors shall perform all the duties of the president, and when so acting shall have all the powers of, and be subject to all the restrictions upon, the president. The vice presidents shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as from time to time may be prescribed for them respectively by the board of directors or the bylaws.

Section 9. Secretary. The secretary shall keep or cause to be kept, at the principal executive office or such other place as the board of directors may order, a book of minutes of all meetings and actions of directors, committees of directors and stockholders, with the time and place of holding, whether regular or special, and, if special, how authorized, the notice thereof given, the names of those present at directors' and committee meetings, the number of shares present or represented at stockholders' meetings, and the proceedings thereof.

The secretary shall keep, or cause to be kept, at the principal executive office or at the office of the corporation's transfer agent or registrar, as determined by resolution of the board of directors, a stock register, or a duplicate register, showing the names of all stockholders and their addresses, the number and classes of shares held by each, the number and date of certificates issued for the same, and the number and date of cancellation of every certificate surrendered for cancellation.

The secretary shall give, or cause to be given, notice of all meetings of the stockholders and of the board of directors required by the bylaws or by law to be given, and he shall keep the seal of the corporation in safe custody, and shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the board of directors or by the bylaws.

Section 10. Treasurer. The treasurer shall keep and maintain, or cause to be kept and maintained, adequate and correct books and records of accounts of the properties and business transactions of the corporation, including accounts of its assets, liabilities, receipts, disbursements, gains, losses, capital, retained earnings and shares. The books of account shall be open at all reasonable times to inspection by any director.

The treasurer shall deposit all monies and other valuables in the name and to the credit of the corporation with such depositories as may be designated by the board of directors. He shall disburse the funds of the corporation as may be ordered by the board of directors, shall render to the chairman of the board and directors, whenever they request it, an account of all of his transactions as treasurer and of the financial condition of the corporation, and shall have other powers and perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the board of directors or the bylaws.

Section 11. Assistant Secretaries and Assistant Treasurers. Any assistant secretary may perform any act within the power of the secretary, and any assistant treasurer may perform any act within the power of the treasurer, subject to any limitations which may be imposed in these bylaws or in board resolutions.

Exhibit 3(ii) - Page 13 of 18

INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS, OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES AND OTHER AGENTS

Indemnification. The corporation shall indemnify, in the manner and to the full extent permitted by law, any person (or the estate of any person) who was or is a party to, or is threatened to be made a party to, any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether or not by or in the right of the corporation, and whether civil, criminal, administrative, investigative or otherwise, by reason of the fact that such person is a director or officer of the corporation, and at the discretion of the board of directors may indemnify any person (or the estate of any person) who is such a party or threatened to be made such a party by reason of the fact that such person is or was an employee or agent of the corporation or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise. Unless otherwise permitted by law, the indemnification provided for herein shall be made only as authorized in the specific case upon a determination, in the manner provided by law, that indemnification of the director, officer, employee or agent is proper in the circumstances. The corporation may, to the full extent permitted by law, purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any such person against any liability which may be asserted against him. To the full extent permitted by law, the indemnification provided herein shall include expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement, and, in the manner provided by law, any such expenses may be paid by the corporation in advance of the final disposition of such action, suit or proceeding. The indemnification provided herein shall not be deemed to limit the right of the corporation to indemnify any other person for any such expenses to the full extent permitted by law, nor shall it be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which any person seeking indemnification from the corporation may be entitled under any agreement, vote of stockholders or disinterested directors or otherwise, both as to action in his official capacity and as to action in another capacity while holding such office.

Section 2. Fiduciaries of Corporate Employee Benefit Plan. This Article VI does not apply to any proceeding against any trustee, investment manager or other fiduciary of an employee benefit plan in such person's capacity as such, even though such person may also be an agent of the corporation as defined in Section 1 of this Article VI. Nothing contained in this Article VI shall limit any right to indemnification to which such a trustee, investment manager or other fiduciary may be entitled by contract or otherwise, which shall be enforceable to the extent permitted by Section 410 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, other than this Article VI.

Exhibit 3(ii) - Page 14 of 18

ARTICLE VII

RECORDS AND REPORTS

Section 1. Maintenance and Inspection of Stock Register. The corporation shall keep at its principal executive office, or at the office of its transfer agent or registrar, if either be appointed, and as determined by resolution of the board of directors, a record of its stockholders, giving the names and addresses of all stockholders and the number and class of shares held by each stockholder.

A stockholder or stockholders of the corporation holding at least five percent (5%) in the aggregate of the outstanding voting shares of the corporation may (i) inspect and copy the records of stockholders' names and addresses and stockholders during usual business hours upon five days prior written demand upon the corporation, and/or (ii) obtain from the transfer agent of the corporation, upon written demand and upon the tender of such transfer agent's usual charges for such list, a list of the stockholders' names and addresses, who are entitled to vote for the election of directors, and their shareholdings as of the most recent record date for which such list has been compiled or as of a date specified by the stockholder subsequent to the date of demand. Such list shall be made available to such stockholder or stockholders by the transfer agent on or before the later of five (5) days after the demand is received or the date specified therein as the date as of which the list is to be compiled.

The record of stockholders shall be open to inspection upon the written demand of any stockholder or holder of a voting trust certificate, at any time during usual business hours, for a purpose reasonably related to such holder's interests as a stockholder or as the holder of a voting trust certificate. Any inspection and copying under this Section 1 may be made in person or by an agent or attorney of the stockholder or holder of a voting trust certificate making such demand.

- Section 2. Maintenance and Inspection of Bylaws. The corporation shall keep at its principal executive office the original or a copy of the bylaws as amended to date, which shall be open to inspection by the stockholders at all reasonable times during office hours.
- Section 3. Maintenance and Inspection of Other Corporate Records. The accounting books and records and minutes of proceedings of the stockholders and the board of directors and any committee or committees of the board of directors shall be kept at such place or places designated by the board of directors, or, in the absence of such designation, at the principal executive office of the corporation. The minutes shall be kept in written form and the accounting books and records shall be kept either in written form or in any other form capable of being converted into written form. Such minutes and accounting books and records shall be open to inspection upon the written demand of any stockholder or holder of a voting trust certificate, at any reasonable time during usual business hours, for a purpose reasonably related to such holder's interests as a stockholder or as a holder of a voting trust certificate. Such inspection may be made in person or by an agent or attorney, and shall include the right to copy and make extracts. The foregoing rights of inspection shall extend to the records of each subsidiary corporation of the corporation.
- Section 4. Inspection by Directors. Every director shall have the absolute right at any reasonable time to inspect all books, records and documents of every kind and the physical properties of the corporation and each

Exhibit 3(ii) - Page 15 of 18

of its subsidiary corporations. Such inspection by a director may be made in person or by agent or attorney and the right of inspection includes the right to copy and make extracts.

Section 5. Annual Report to Stockholders. The board of directors shall cause an annual report to be sent to the stockholders not later than one hundred twenty (120) days after the close of the fiscal year adopted by the corporation. Such report shall be sent at least fifteen (15) days prior to the annual meeting of stockholders to be held during the next fiscal year and in the manner specified in Section 5 of Article II of these bylaws for giving notice to stockholders of the corporation. The annual report shall contain a balance sheet and statement of changes in financial position for such fiscal year, accompanied by any report thereon of independent accountants.

Section 6. Financial Statements. A copy of any annual financial statement and any income statement of the corporation for each quarterly period of each fiscal year, and any accompanying balance sheet for the corporation as of the end of each such period, that has been prepared by the corporation shall be kept on file in the principal executive office of the corporation for twelve (12) months and each such statement shall be exhibited at all reasonable times to any stockholder demanding an examination of any such statement or a copy shall be mailed to any such stockholder.

If a stockholder or stockholders holding at least five percent (5%) of the outstanding shares of any class of stock of the corporation make a written request to the corporation for an income statement of the corporation for the three-month, six-month or nine-month period of the current fiscal year ended more than thirty (30) days prior to the date of the request, and a balance sheet of the corporation as of the end of such period, the treasurer shall cause such statement to be prepared, if not already prepared, and shall deliver personally or mail such statement or statements to the person making the request within thirty (30) days after the receipt of such request. If the corporation has not sent to the stockholders its annual report for the last fiscal year, this report shall likewise be delivered or mailed to such stockholder or stockholders within thirty (30) days after such request.

The corporation also shall, upon the written request of any stockholder, mail to the stockholder a copy of the last annual, semi-annual or quarterly income statement which it has prepared and a balance sheet as of the end of such period.

The quarterly income statements and balance sheets referred to in this section shall be accompanied by the report thereon, if any, of any independent accountants engaged by the corporation, or the certificate of an authorized officer of the corporation that such financial statements were prepared without audit from the books and records of the corporation.

Exhibit 3(ii) - Page 16 of 18

ARTICLE VIII

GENERAL CORPORATE MATTERS

- Section 1. Record Date for Purposes Other Than Notice and Voting. For purposes of determining the stockholders entitled to receive payment of any dividend or other distribution or allotment of any rights or entitled to exercise any rights in respect of any other lawful action, the board of directors may fix, in advance, a record date, which shall not be more than sixty (60) days prior to any such action, and in such case only stockholders of record on the date so fixed are entitled to receive the dividend, distribution or allotment of rights or to exercise the rights, as the case may be, notwithstanding any transfer of any shares on the books of the corporation after the record date fixed as aforesaid, except as otherwise provided in the Delaware General Corporation Law. If the board of directors does not so fix a record date, the record date for determining stockholders for any such purpose shall be at the close of business on the day on which the board adopts the resolution relating thereto, or the sixtieth (60th) day prior to the date of such action, whichever is later.
- Section 2. Checks, Drafts, Evidences of Indebtedness. All checks, drafts or other orders for payment of money, notes or other evidences of indebtedness, issued in the name of or payable to the corporation shall be signed or endorsed by such person or persons and in such manner as, from time to time, shall be determined by resolution of the board of directors.
- Section 3. Corporate Contracts and Instruments; How Executed. The board of directors, except as otherwise provided in these bylaws, may authorize any officer or officers, agent or agents, to enter into any contract or execute any instrument in the name of and on behalf of the corporation, and such authority may be general or confined to specific instances; and unless so authorized or ratified by the board of directors or within the agency power of an officer, no officer, agent or employee shall have any power or authority to bind the corporation by any contract or engagement or to pledge its credit or to render it liable for any purpose or to any amount.
- Section 4. Stock Certificates. A certificate or certificates for shares of the capital stock of the corporation shall be issued to each stockholder when any such shares are fully paid. All certificates shall be signed in the name of the corporation by the chairman of the board or the president or vice president and by the treasurer or an assistant treasurer or the secretary or any assistant secretary, certifying the number of shares and the class or series of shares owned by the stockholder. Any or all of the signatures on the certificate may be facsimile. In case any officer, transfer agent or registrar who has signed or whose facsimile signature has been placed upon a certificate shall have ceased to be such officer, transfer agent or registrar before such certificate is issued, it may be issued by the corporation with the same effect as if such person were an officer, transfer agent or registrar at the date of issue.

Exhibit 3(ii) - Page 17 of 18

- Section 5. Lost Certificates. Except as hereinafter in this Section 5 provided, no new stock certificate shall be issued in lieu of an old certificate unless the latter is surrendered to the corporation and canceled at the same time. The board of directors may in case any stock certificate or certificate for any other security is lost, stolen or destroyed, authorize the issuance of a new certificate in lieu thereof, upon such terms and conditions as the board of directors may require, including provision for indemnification of the corporation secured by a bond or other adequate security sufficient to protect the corporation against any claim that may be made against it, including any expense or liability, on account of the alleged loss, theft or destruction of such certificate or the issuance of such new certificate.
- Section 6. Representation of Stock of Other Corporations. The chairman of the board, the president, or any vice president, or any other person authorized by resolution of the board of directors by any of the foregoing designated officers, is authorized to vote on behalf of the corporation any and all stock of any other corporation or corporations, foreign or domestic, standing in the name of the corporation. The authority herein granted to said officers to vote or represent on behalf of the corporation any and all stock by the corporation in any other corporation or corporations may be exercised by any such officer in person or by any person authorized to do so by proxy duly executed by said officer.
- Section 7. Construction and Definitions. Unless the context requires otherwise, the general provisions, rules of construction, and definitions in the Delaware General Corporation Law shall govern the construction of the bylaws. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the singular number includes the plural, the plural number includes the singular, and the term "person" includes both a corporation and a natural person.
- Section 8. Fiscal Year. The fiscal year of the corporation shall commence the first day of the calendar year.
- Section 9. Seal. The seal of the corporation shall be round and shall bear the name of the corporation and words and figures denoting its organization under the laws of the State of Delaware and year thereof, and otherwise shall be in such form as shall be approved from time to time by the board of directors.

ARTICLE IX

AMENDMENTS

- Section 1. Amendment by Stockholders. New bylaws may be adopted or these bylaws may be amended or repealed by the vote of not less than 80% of the total voting power of all shares of stock of the corporation entitled to vote in the election of directors, considered for purposes of this Section 1 as one class.
- Section 2. Amendment by Directors. Subject to the rights of the stockholders as provided in Section 1 of this Article IX, to adopt, amend or repeal bylaws, bylaws may be adopted, amended or repealed by the board of directors.

As Amended 4/25/96

Exhibit 3(ii) - Page 18 of 18

AVERY DENNISON CORPORATION COMPUTATION OF NET INCOME PER SHARE AMOUNTS

	Quarter Ended	
	March 30, 1996	April 1, 1995
(A) Weighted average number of common shares outstanding Additional common shares issuable under employee stock	52,901,661	53, 434, 552
options using the treasury stock method	1,413,679	1,614,466
(B) Weighted average number of common shares outstanding assuming the exercise of stock options	54,315,340 	55,049,018
(C) Net income applicable to common stock	\$40,000,000	\$34,500,000
Net income per share as reported (C divided by A)	\$.76	\$.65
Net income per share giving effect to the exercise of outstanding		
stock options (C divided by B)	\$.74 =======	\$.63 =======

Exhibit 11

THIS SCHEDULE CONTAINS SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION EXTRACTED FROM THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AND THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME AND IS QUALIFIED IN ITS ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO SUCH FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

```
3-M0S
         DEC-28-1996
            DEC-31-1996
              MAR-30-1996
                          5,300
                        0
                 460,000
                        0
                   229,000
              796,900
                      1,665,000
                755,200
              1,963,200
         623,800
                       374,900
               0
                         0
                       62,100
                    756,300
1,963,200
                       796,600
              796,600
                         549,900
                 549,900
              175,300
                    0
              8,900
                62,500
                   22,500
            40,000
                      0
                     0
                           0
                   40,000
                     .76
```

Accounts receivable are shown net of any allowances.